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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| 09/675,982 | 09/29/2000 | Seth Bradley Noble | 004098.P001 | 1722 |
| 7: | 590 07/16/2004 | | EXAM | INER |
| Robert B O'Rourke | | | LAZARO, DAVID R | |
| Blakely Sokolo | ff Taylor & Zafman LLP | | | |
| Seventh Floor | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER | |
| 12400 Wilshire Boulevard | | | 2155 | |
| Los Angeles, C | CA 90025-1026 | | DATE MAILED: 07/16/2004 | 4 |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
|--|---|--|-----|--|--|--|
| Office Action Comments | 09/675,982 | NOBLE, SETH BRADLEY | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | David Lazaro | 2155 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with | the correspondence address | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period with the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS cause the application to become ABAN | be timely filed D) days will be considered timely. From the mailing date of this communication (35 U.S.C. & 133) | on. | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 Ma | ny 2004. | | | | | |
| 2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This | | | | | | |
| 3) Since this application is in condition for allowan | ce except for formal matters | , prosecution as to the merits | is | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under Ex | x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 1 | 1, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | • | | | | |
| 4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14 and 16-45</u> is/are pending in the a | nnligation | | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw | • • | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | in from consideration. | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-14 and 16-45</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | , | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | election requirement. | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | |
| 10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>12 May 2004</u> is/are: a)⊵ | | to by the Examiner | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the di | | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction | | | d). | | | |
| 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa | | | /- | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | |
| | | • | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign p | priority under 35 U.S.C. § 11 | 9(a)-(d) or (f). | | | | |
| a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents. | hava ha an masabasad | | | | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documents2. Certified copies of the priority documents | | nation No | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priorit | | | | | | |
| application from the International Bureau (| | erved in this Mational Stage | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of | • | eived. | | | | |
| | • | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) Interview Summ | | | | | |
| 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) | Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform | il Date al Patent Application (PTO-152) | | | | |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>05/1,4/04</u> . | 6) Other: | | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This Office Action is in response to the amendment filed 05/12/2004.
- 2. Claims 1, 2, 5-9, 11, 13 and 14 were amended.
- 3. Claim 15 was canceled.
- 4. Claims 1-14 and 16-45 are pending in this Office Action.
- 5. Objections to the drawings are withdrawn.

Information Disclosure Statement

6. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 05/14/2004 has been considered by the Examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 7. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 8. Claims 7-9 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 9. Claims 7 and 8 both recite the limitation "said another response" in lines 2 and 3 of both claims. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in each of these claims.
- 10. Claim 9 recites the limitation "said another reply" in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 11. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 12. Claims 1-14 and 16-25, 27-36 and 39-44 and is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent 5,878,228 by Miller et al. (Miller).
- With respect to Claim 1, Miller teaches a method, comprising: a) generating, at a 13. client, a request for an action to a be performed by a server to a data object, said data object being maintained by said server (Col. 5 lines 2-5); b) sending an initial request message from said client to said server over a network, wherein said initial request message asks for a first portion of a response to said request (Col. 5 lines 2-8), wherein said initial request message further comprises: 1) a description of said action (Col. 5 line 60 to Col. 6 lines 8); 2) a description of said data object (Col. 6 lines 65-67); 3) a first limit that defines the maximum amount of data that said server is allowed to send to said client in answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 5-10); 4) a second limit that defines a maximum datagram size that can be formed by said server in said answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 7-8); c) maintaining an understanding at a client of those portions of said first portion that have been sent by said server and received from said network by said client (Col. 5 lines 29-45); and d) issuing another request message from said client to said server for another portion of said response that has not been received at said client (Col. 5 lines 29-45).

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14. With respect to Claim 2, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 1 and further teaches sending a reply message from said server to said client, said reply message having at least a portion of said first portion of said response (Col. 5 lines 29-33 and lines 6-16).

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- 15. With respect to Claim 3, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 2 and further teaches said reply message further comprises an indication of a size of said response (Col. 7 lines 27-38).
- 16. With respect to Claim 4, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 3 and further teaches said indication of a size of said response further comprises an indication of how much of said response remains to be delivered to said client (Col. 7 lines 27-38 and Col.8 lines 23-40).
- 17. With respect to Claim 5, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 2 and further teaches said reply message is part of a burst of reply messages, said burst of reply messages carrying said first portion of said response (Col. 5 lines 10-18).
- 18. With respect to Claim 6, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 2 and further teaches said another request message comprises a starting address (Col. 6 lines 48-51) and an extent (Col. 6 lines 52-55).
- 19. With respect to Claim 7, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 6 and further teaches said starting address corresponds to an address between a starting address for said another response and an ending address for said another response (Col. 6 lines 48-51).

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- 20. With respect to Claim 8, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 6 and further teaches said extent corresponds to an address between a starting address for said another response and an ending address for said another response (Col. 6 lines 52-55).
- 21. With respect to Claim 9, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 2 and further teaches said another reply message further comprises an indication of a capacity of said server (Col. 5 lines 10-15).
- 22. With respect to Claim 10, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 9 and further teaches said indication of a capacity of said server further comprises a server burst size limit (Col. 5 liens 10-15).
- 23. With respect to Claim 11, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 2 and further teaches said another request message further comprises an indication of a capacity of said client (Col. 5 lines 6-10).
- 24. With respect to Claim 12, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 11 and further teaches said indication of a capacity of said client further comprises a client burst limit (Col. 5 lines 9-10).
- 25. With respect to Claim 13, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 2 and further teaches said another request message further comprises a description of an object located at said server (Col. 6 lines 65-67).
- 26. With respect to Claim 14, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 13 and further teaches said another request message further comprises an action to be taken by said server upon said request (Col. 6 lines 41-45).

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- 27. With respect to Claim 16, Miller teaches a method, comprising: a) generating, at a client, a request for an action to a be performed by a server to a data object, said data object being maintained by said server (Col. 5 lines 2-5); b) sending an initial request message from said client to said server over a network, wherein said initial request message asks for a first portion of a response to said request (Col. 5 lines 2-8), wherein said initial request message further comprises: 1) a description of said action (Col. 5 line 60 to Col. 6 lines 8); 2) a description of said data object (Col. 6 lines 65-67); 3) a first limit that defines the maximum amount of data that said server is allowed to send to said client in answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 9-10); 4) a second limit that defines a maximum datagram size that can be formed by said server in said answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 7-8); c) performing, at said server, at least a part of said action to said data object (Col. 5 lines 10-16); and d) sending a burst of reply messages from said server to said client over said network in order to provide said answering to said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 10-16), wherein: 1) each reply message within said burst of reply messages carries a different piece of said asked for first portion, wherein, each of said different pieces is not larger than said second limit and wherein (Col. 5 lines 6-16) 2) the aggregate of said different pieces is an amount of data that is not larger than said first limit (Col. 5 lines 6-16).
- 28. With respect to Claim 17, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 and further teaches said client and said server can identify said response as an addressable block of data (Col. 5 lines 19-21).

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29. With respect to Claim 18, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 17 and further teaches said request further comprises: 1) a first address of said block of data that

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corresponds to a starting address for said response (Col. 6 lines 48-51); and 2) a

second address of said block of data that corresponds to a terminating address for said

response (Col. 6 lines 52-55).

of said response (Col. 6 lines 52-55).

30. With respect to Claim 19, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 17 and further teaches said request defines: 1) a first address of said block of data that corresponds to a starting address for said response (Col. 6 lines 48-51); and 2) an extent value that describes how much information beyond said starting address corresponds to the rest

- 31. With respect to Claim 20, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 and further teaches said request indicates said response is to be crafted as only a section of a full response, said full response being the complete result of said action being performed on said data object (Col. 5 lines 1-5).
- 32. With respect to Claim 21, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 and further teaches sending a second request message from said client to said server over said network, wherein said second request messages asks for a second portion of said response (Col. 5 lines 1-5).
- 33. With respect to Claim 22, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 21 and further teaches said second request message further comprises said first limit and said second limit (Col. 5 lines 6-10).

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- 34. With respect to Claim 23, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 21 and further teaches sending a second burst of replay messages from said server to said client in order to answer said second request message (Col. 5 lines 10-16).
- 35. With respect to Claim 24, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 and further teaches said first limit is maintained by said client (Col. 5 lines 8-10), and a third limit is maintained by said server (Col. 5 lines 10-15), said third limit defining the maximum amount of data that said server is allowed to send to said client in answering said initial request message, wherein said third limit is less than said first limit and said aggregate of said different pieces is an amount of data that is not larger than said third limit (Col. 5 lines 6-16).
- 36. With respect to Claim 25, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 and further teaches at least on of said reply messages further comprises the size of said response (Col. 7 lines 27-38).
- 37. With respect to Claim 27, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 and further teaches said client assigns a transaction identifier to said request and includes said transaction identifier into said initial request (Col. 5 lines 1-5 and Col. 6 lines 5-7).
- With respect to Claim 28, Miller teaches a machine readable medium having stored thereon a sequence of instructions which when executed by a processing core cause said processing core to perform a method, said method comprising: forming an initial request message for sending over a network to a server, wherein said initial request message asks for a first portion of a response to a request (Col. 5 lines 2-8) from a software program for an action to be performed by a server to a data object.

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wherein said initial request message further comprises: 1) a description of said action (Col. 5 line 60 to Col. 6 lines 8); 2) a description of said data object (Col. 6 lines 65-67); 3) a first limit that defines the maximum amount of data that said server is allowed to send to said client in answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 9-10); 4) a second limit that defines a maximum datagram size that can be formed by said server in said answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 7-8).

- 39. With respect to Claim 29, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 28 and further teaches said application software program can identify said response as an addressable block of data (Col. 5 lines 19-21).
- 40. With respect to Claim 30, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 29 and further teaches said request further comprises: 1) a first address of said block of data that corresponds to a starting address for said response (Col. 6 lines 48-51); and 2) a second address of said block of data that corresponds to a terminating address for said response (Col. 6 lines 52-55).
- 41. With respect to Claim 31, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 29 and further teaches said request defines: 1) a first address of said block of data that corresponds to a starting address for said response (Col. 6 lines 48-51); and 2) an extent value that describes how much information beyond said starting address corresponds to the rest of said response (Col. 6 lines 52-55).
- 42. With respect to Claim 32, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 28 and further teaches said request indicates said response is to be crafted as only a section of a full

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response, said full response being the complete result of said action being performed on said data object (Col. 5 lines 1-5).

- 43. With respect to Claim 33, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 28 and further teaches forming a second request message for sending to said server over said network, wherein said second request messages asks for a second portion of said response (Col. 5 lines 1-5).
- 44. With respect to Claim 34, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 33 and further teaches said second request message further comprises said first limit and said second limit (Col. 5 lines 6-10).
- 45. With respect to Claim 35, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 28 and further teaches receiving a burst of reply messages that were sent over said network from said server in order to provide said answering to said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 10-16), wherein: 1) each reply message within said burst of reply messages carries a different piece of said asked for first portion, wherein, each of said different pieces is not larger than said second limit (Col. 5 lines 8-9) and wherein 2) the aggregate of said different pieces is an amount of data that is not larger than said first limit (Col. 5 lines 9-10).
- 46. With respect to Claim 36, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 35 and further teaches at least one of said reply messages further comprises the size of said response (Col. 7 lines 27-38).
- 47. With respect to Claim 39, Miller teaches a machine readable medium having stored thereon a sequence of instructions which when executed by a processing core

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cause said processing core to perform a method, said method comprising: forming a burst of reply messages in order to provide an answer to an initial request message that was sent over a network by a client (Col. 5 lines 10-16), wherein said initial request message asked for a first portion of a response to a request from a client software program for an action to be performed to a data object (Col. 5 lines 1-10), wherein: a) said initial request message further comprised: 1) a description of said action (Col. 5 line 60 to Col. 6 lines 8); 2) a description of said data object (Col. 6 lines 65-67); 3) a first limit that defines the maximum amount of data that said server is allowed to send to said client in answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 9-10); 4) a second limit that defines a maximum datagram size that can be formed by said server in said answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 7-8); and b) wherein: 1) each reply message within said burst of reply messages carries a different piece of said asked for first portion, wherein, each of said different pieces is not larger than said second limit (Col. 5 lines 6-10) and wherein 2) the aggregate of said different pieces is an amount of data that is not larger than said first limit (Col. 5 lines 6-10).

- 48. With respect to Claim 40, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 39 and further teaches receiving a second request message that was sent by said client over said network, wherein said second request message asked for a second portion of said response (Col. 5 lines 1-5).
- 49. With respect to Claim 41, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 40 and further teaches sending a second burst of reply messages from said server to said client in order to answer said second request message (Col. 5 lines 6-16).

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50. With respect to Claim 42, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 39 and further teaches maintaining a third limit, said third limit defining the maximum amount of data that is allowed to be sent to said client in answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 10-15).

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- 51. With respect to Claim 43, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 42 and further teaches said aggregate of said different pieces is an amount of data that is not larger than said third limit if said third limit is less than said first limit (Col. 5 lines 10-15).
- 52. With respect to Claim 44, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 39 and further teaches at least on of said reply messages further comprises the size of said response (Col. 7 lines 27-38).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 53. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 54. Claim 26, 37, 38 and 45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller in view of U.S. Patent 5,845,280 by Treadwell, III et al. (Treadwell).
- 55. With respect to Claim 26, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 but does not explicitly disclose returning an object identifier that can be used for subsequent requests on the same object. However, Treadwell shows it is well known in the art that data objects can be assigned an object identifier (Col. 2 lines 25-29) that can be used in subsequent requests (Col. 7 lines 8-16). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary

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skill in the art at the time the invention was made to take the method disclosed by Miller and modify it as indicated by Treadwell such that at least one of said reply messages further comprises an object identifier that said client may use to refer to said data object for subsequent requests that invoke said data object. One would be motivated to have this as it reduces overhead in data transmission procedures (Col. 2 lines 29-35).

- 56. With respect to Claim 37, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 35 but does not explicitly disclose returning an object identifier that can be used for subsequent requests on the same object. However, Treadwell shows it is well known in the art that data objects can be assigned an object identifier (Col. 2 lines 25-29) that can be used in subsequent requests (Col. 7 lines 8-16). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to take the machine readable medium disclosed by Miller and modify it as indicated by Treadwell such that at least one of said reply messages further comprises an object identifier that may be used to refer to said data object for subsequent requests that invoke said data object. One would be motivated to have this as it reduces overhead in data transmission procedures (Col. 2 lines 29-35).
- 57. With respect to Claim 38, Miller in view of Treadwell further teaches said method further comprises assigning a transaction identifier to said request and including said transaction identifier into said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 1-5 and Col. 6 lines 5-7).
- 58. With respect to Claim 45, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 39 but does not explicitly disclose returning an object identifier that can be used for subsequent

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requests on the same object. However, Treadwell shows it is well known in the art that data objects can be assigned an object identifier (Col. 2 lines 25-29) that can be used in subsequent requests (Col. 7 lines 8-16). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to take the machine readable medium disclosed by Miller and modify it as indicated by Treadwell such that at least one of said reply messages further comprises an object identifier that said client may use to refer to said data object for subsequent requests that invoke said data object. One would be motivated to have this as it reduces overhead in data transmission procedures (Col. 2 lines 29-35).

Response to Arguments

- 59. Applicant's arguments filed 05/12/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 60. Applicant argues "The Applicant respectfully submits that the 'packet' of Miller might arguably anticipate the Applicant's 'second limit'. However, the 'maximum rate' of Miller is obviously insufficient to cover the Applicant's 'maximum amount of data'."
 - a. A datagram is typically defined as a data packet and the terms datagram and packet are, in most cases, used synonymously. As quoted by the Applicant, Col. 4 lines 7-10 of Miller states that the request specifies a "maximum size of an individual data packet". Therefore Miller teaches the second limit defining a maximum datagram size that can be formed by the server in answering the initial request message. As for the "first limit" which defines the maximum amount of

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data that the server is allowed to send to the client when answering the initial request, the quoted section of Miller also covers this limit. The claim language "in answering said initial request message" can be broadly interpreted as the ongoing transmission that occurs over time. As such, the maximum amount of data allowed to be sent by the server at any given time, as part of the ongoing transmission, is defined by the maximum rate specified in the request.

Furthermore, even if one did not agree with this interpretation, the request message as quoted in Col. 5 lines 7-10 includes a parameter for the total amount of data to be sent to the client (as described under the request message characteristics in Col. 6 lines 52-56). As such, this would be a limit that defines the maximum amount of data that the server is allowed to send to the client in answering the initial request message.

Conclusion

61. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David Lazaro whose telephone number is 703-305-4868. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00 M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hosain Alam can be reached on 703-308-6662. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

David Lazaro July 15, 2004

> HOSAIN ALAM SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER